TRACHEOTOMY AND TRACHEOSTOMY:

DEFINITION: Is an opening in the tracheal ring to provide good ventilation from the outer environment to the trachea, this operation performed in different species of animal like **horse,cattle,dog ,and cat but difficult to done in the bull.** The operation can be done in both elective and emergency surgery.<u>(In an emergency situation, such as</u> <u>the animal in danger of suffocation, the surgeon may</u> <u>need to forget a complete aseptic preparation).</u>



In case of **permanent tracheotomy** there is a removal of part of the tracheal ring, and the cutting is going through the two adjacent tracheal ring and its annular ligament and the **tracheostomy** tube going or devices fixed for long time, while in case of the **temporary tracheotomy** the operation is just an incision in the annular ligament and the **trecheostomy** tube fixed for short time.

- **INDICATION: 1-**Any obstruction (complete or partial) in the upper air ways passages, which interfere with the body ventilation
 - 2-For experimental study and searching methods.
 - 3-Prior to some operation which may be done in the upper respiratory tract or in the nasal passages.
 - 4- Some time this operation may be done to remove foreign body from the trachea.

SURGICAL PROCEDURE:

- The operation performed with the animal in the standing **position** (the best position) and the neck is extended with lateral deviation of the head.
- Type of **anesthesia** is performed with sedation and local infiltration of the surgical sites.
- The **site of the operation** is at the junction of the upper and middle third of the neck, at the fourth and sixth tracheal ring.
- **Preparation of the surgical sites**, by clipping and shaving, wash with soap and water, then disinfect the area.
- The surgical incision is going through the skin and the subcutaneous tissues by sharp dissecting (7-10cm length and 5 cm wide), stop the bleeding, then separate the sterno thyro- hyoideus muscle by bland dissecting, then cutting through the fibrous tissue which surround the trachea, exposed the trachea and cutting through the annular ligament or through the tracheal ring its self.

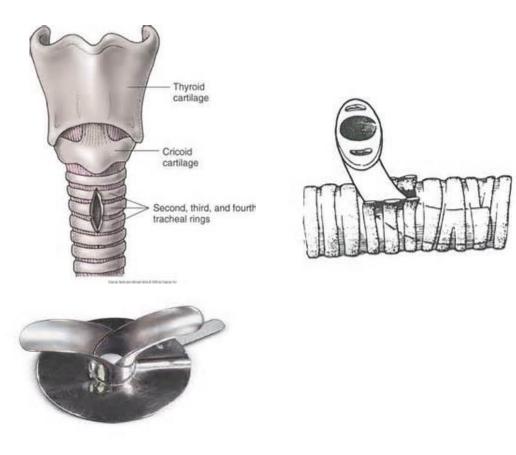
For the temporary tracheotomy (this operation is performed when you need when to lift a tracheostomy tube in place for short period of time).

- the scalpel is inserted in the midway between the two tracheal ring , the incision is made in horizontal direction 1 cm in either direction from the mid line
- then insert the tracheostomy tube and this method is used



For the permanent tracheotomy (this operation is performed when you need to place the tracheotomy tube for long period of time).

- half moon shaped section of one tracheal ring is cut throw
- then the same cutting in the adjacent tracheal ring
- inserts the Jones tracheotomy tube



The incision is not closed, and the wound heal by secondary intention when the tracheotomy tube is removed.

Post Operative Management:

- Site of operation should be cleaned with normal saline.
- Suitable and non irritant antibacterial ointment once or twice daily applied.
- Clean the tube once or twice daily.
- Cover the tube when animal stable is dusty or dirty.
- Protect the tube from the friction with door or wall.

Complication:

- Subcutaneous emphysema.
- Tracheal stenosis.
- Bleeding.
- Adhesion.
- Respiratory affection.
- Abscess formation.